PROJECT BACK TO THE FUTURE

2019 Ag Land Valuation in Mountrail County









Equalization 2019

2019 Mountrail County Ag Land Valuation

ND Century Code – "the Law"

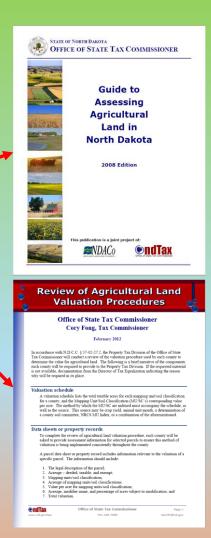
- North Dakota Century Code (N.D.C.C.) §57-02-27.2(8)(a) in part provides: In determining the relative value of each assessment parcel, the local assessor shall apply <u>the</u> <u>following considerations</u>, which are listed in <u>descending</u> <u>order of significance</u> to the assessment determination:
 - <u>Soil type</u> and <u>soil classification</u> data from detailed or general soil surveys
 - The schedule of modifiers that must be used to adjust agricultural property assessments within the county as approved by the state supervisor of assessments under subsection 9
 - <u>Actual use of the property</u> for cropland or non-cropland purposes by the owner of the parcel.



That awkward moment when u realize you're dressed as the police car

Ag Land Valuation Basically Two Methods

- <u>Must</u> be based on soil type detailed or general
 - Soils information from NRCS National Resources Conservation Service – US Dept. of Agriculture
 - Implement NDSU average values by NRCS soil type for Agricultural land valuation
 - State Tax Dept. <u>Ag Land valuation guide</u> & <u>Certification guide</u>
- 1. "Breakpoint" generalized use <u>"Productivity Index"</u>
 - Better quality soils considered "cropland"
 - Lower quality soils considered "non cropland"
 - Much Simpler to implement
- **2.** "<u>Actual Ag Land Use</u>" use a GIS Geographic Information System to map land use acres
 - More complex and time consuming to implement most precise



Quick recap - Ag Land Valuation

Simplified version!



- Each parcel has various soil types within it
- Each soil type has a "Productivity index" (PI) associated
- Higher Pl's = better soil
- Higher PI's have higher \$ value applied, lower PI's have a lower \$ value applied
- 2017 Mountrail used ND State approved 'breakpoint method' in setting values – <u>did not use actual use</u>
- June 2017 County Board of equalization voted to utilize actual land use for valuation



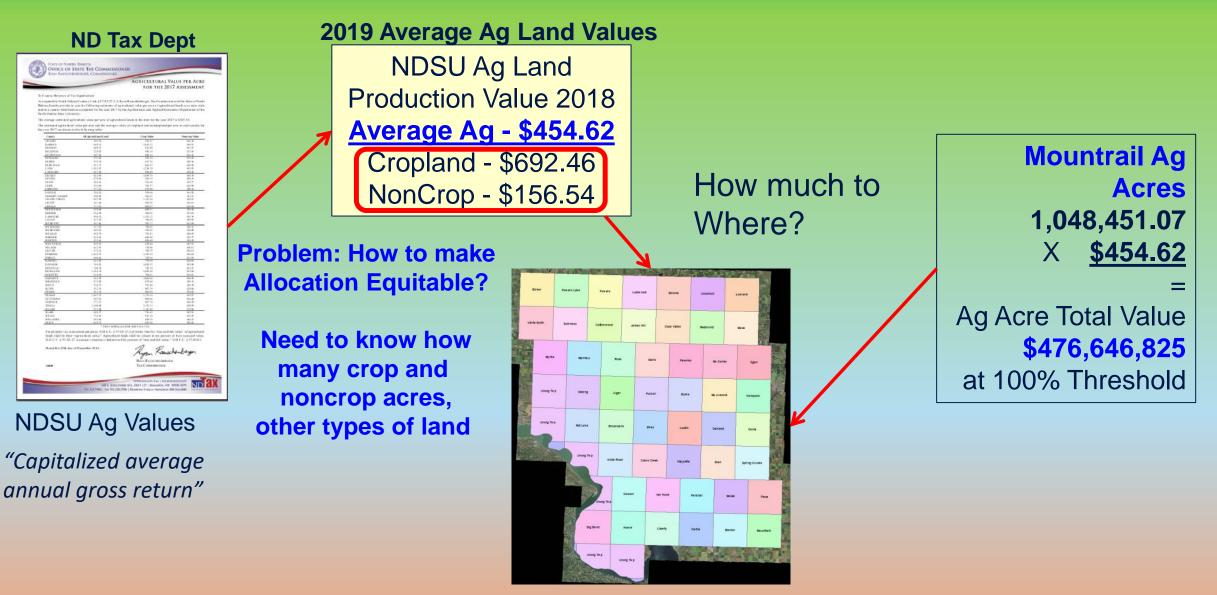
WENT <u>BACK</u> TD 2846LAND VALUES FOR THE <u>FUTURE</u> DF ACTUAL LAND USE

Valuation in Mountrail – 2018 Values

As	sessment Code*	Description	Parcels	Parcel %	True & Full Value	Value %
	101	Agricultural	8,946	59.3%	\$462,571,200	29.3%
	201	Residential	3,331	22.1%	\$385,144,700	24.4%
	233	Commercial	880	5.8%	\$694,445,700	44.0%
	250	Vacant Land	1,931	12.8%_	\$37,875,100	2.4%
		Total	15,088	_	\$1,580,036,700	

*NOTE: Centrally assessed properties are not included in the list

North Dakota Ag Land Valuation Overview



Actual Land Use – Bounding the Problem

Much to keep track of:

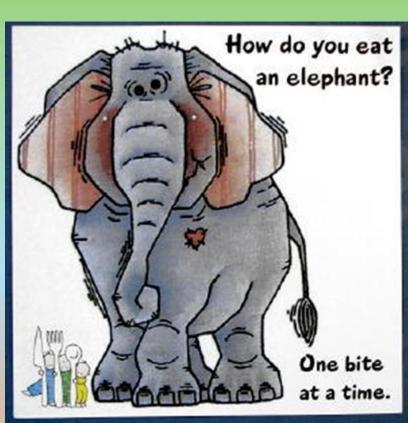
- Mountrail County Comprised of
 - 55 Townships 7 cities
 - 1,803 Sections
 - 1,048,451.07 Ag related acres
 - 8,946 Ag related parcels
 - 2,200 Ag related parcel owners
 - 147 Soils Codes \$ values applied
 - Where are those soils?

How is each parcel being used?

- Cropland
- Non-Cropland
- Farmstead
- Commercial
- Gravel Pit
- Roads
- Oilwell Sites
- Saltwater disposal Equalization 2019



Answer? – utilize a GIS system



Overall Plan

- GIS Software in House ArcMAP
 - ArcMap Publisher, Sidwell FARMS
- Soils Committee Formed
- Drawing Ruleset Defined and Approved
- Valuation Ruleset Drafted and Approved
- 3 'pre-pilot' Test Sections Drawn by Sidwell Co. GIS vendor
- Review of various areas within County for potential 'challenges' in drawing of sections
 - i.e. Non-cropland areas within cropland what size to draw down to? i.e. "Rockpiles"...
- Pilot Township Drawn In and Reviewed
- County drawn in by 'Tier'

Equalization 2019

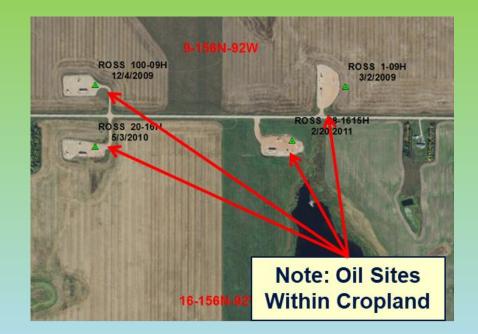






Drawing Ruleset Example – Oilwell Sites

- ND Century Code "Ag property used for oil, natural gas, or subsurface minerals must continue to be assessed as Ag property for the remainder...."
- Challenge: Was it cropland or noncropland before?
 - Some parcels found oil sites partially on crop land, partially on non-cropland
 - Very difficult to manage acres
- Simplified Approved Decision <u>all oil site acreage</u> will be <u>valued as non-cropland</u> based off soil types underneath oil site (includes road leading to oil site)



Land Used for Extraction of Oil, Natural Gas, or Subsurface Minerals

Land that was assessed as agricultural property at the time the land was put to use for extraction of oil, natural gas, or subsurface minerals as defined in N.D.C.C. § 38-12-01 must continue to be assessed as agricultural property if the remainder of the surface owner's parcel of property on which the subsurface mineral activity is occurring continues to qualify for assessment as agricultural property under subsection 1 of N.D.C.C. § 57-02-01.

Farmsteads and Modifiers

- Farmsteads are considered 'non-crop' and are valued at non-cropland value based off soils under farmstead
- With <u>Actual Land use</u> modifiers are <u>not</u> necessary and are <u>not used</u>
 - With breakpoint method, modifiers could be considered and are used for cropland areas only

Rocky*	Very Rocky*	Salinity*	Examples of	
Non-Productive	Obstacles	Multiple Factors	Examples of Modifiers from ND State List	
Irregular Field	Trees	Inaccessibility	ND State List	
Electrical Transmission Lines	Public Road	Brush & Ponding		
Abandoned Railroad	Oil Well Site	Non-Tilled	*1. 1 11 1	
Pasture	Non-Cropland	Drain Ditch	*Items handled By NRCS	
Marsh	Land Use (?)	Easements	Soil Survey	



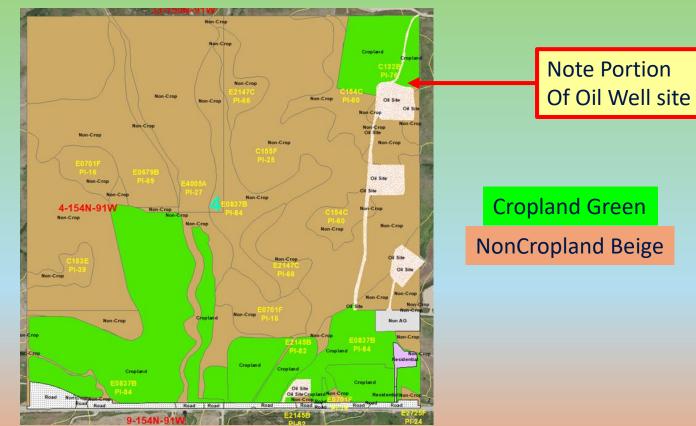
Land Valuation Ruleset Summary

GIS Item	Valuation Method		
Cropland	Cropland values - Productivity Index (PI)		
Non Cropland	Noncrop values - based off AUM (Animal Unit Month) calculation		
Farmsteads	Noncrop values		
Oilwell Sites	Noncrop values		
Salt Water Wells	 Commercial wells @ Commercial Values (Tax Dept) Private Wells @ <i>Noncrop values</i> 		
Taxable Rural Residence	2 Acres at \$2,000 / acre		
Roads	\$0 for Right-of-Way acreage of TWP Certified Roads, County Roads, State Highways		
Commercial Land / Structures	Commercial Values (Tax Dept)		
Gravel Pits	Commercial Values (Tax Dept)		
Non-Ag (vacant land)	Vacant Land Values (Tax Dept)		

Actual Land Use in GIS - What it looks Like

- Left Section with NRCS Soil Layer
- Right Same section with Actual Use drawn in
- Types Cropland, non-cropland, Residential, Roads, Oil Sites, others





Equalization 2019

Project Drawing and Review

• All phases start – July 2017

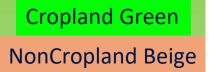
- 3 Sections "Pre-Pilot"
- Pilot Section
- Drawing by Tier

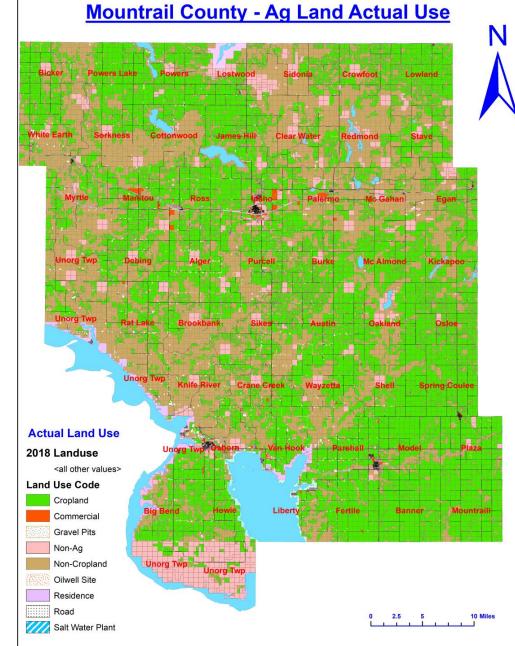
• Tier Deliveries Started Fall 2017

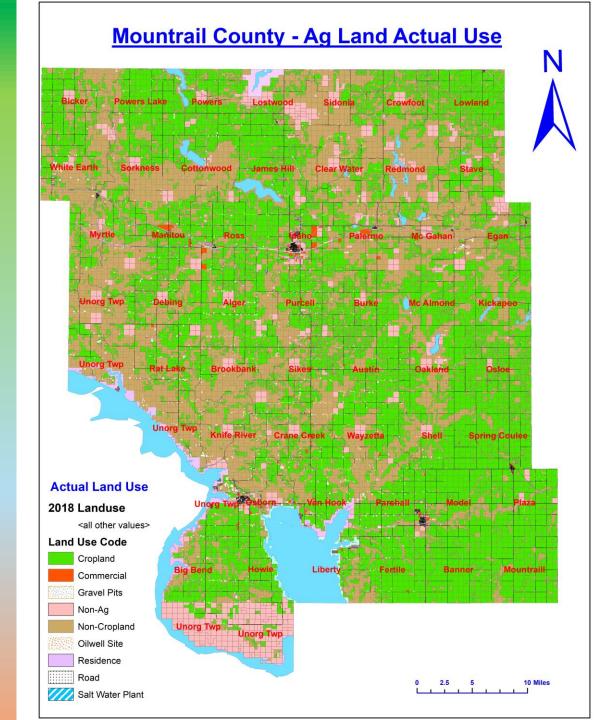
- Department Review section by section
- Township Reviews Started late Fall 2017
 - Section by Section

• Total Tier county delivery – Feb 2018

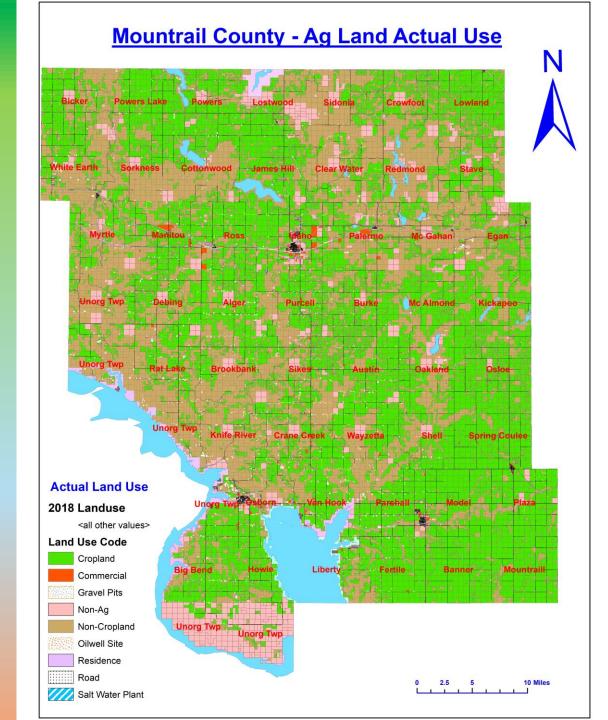
- Township by Township Reviews ongoing
- Final Township Review September 2018
- 2017 Aerial Photography Reviews-Update
 - Completed December 2018





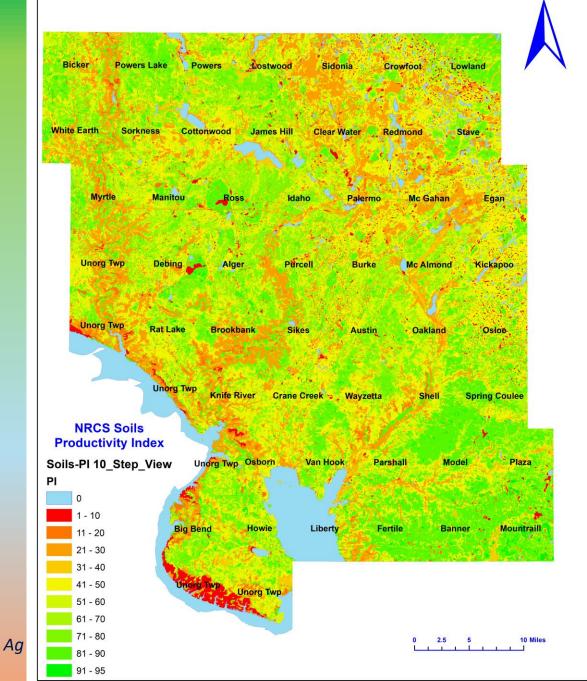


Compare to NRCS Soils



Mountrail County - NRCS Soils

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Soils Valuation Actual Land use – 2019 Values

Better Soils

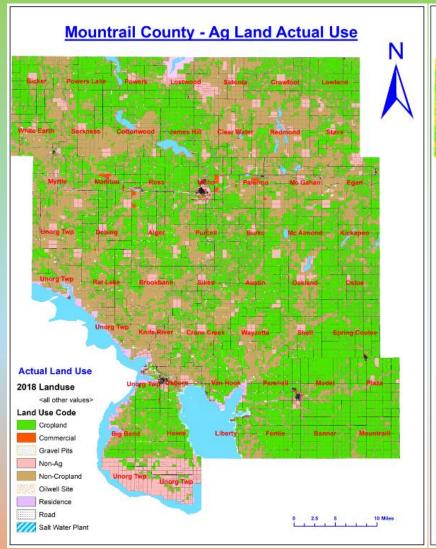
Poorer Soils

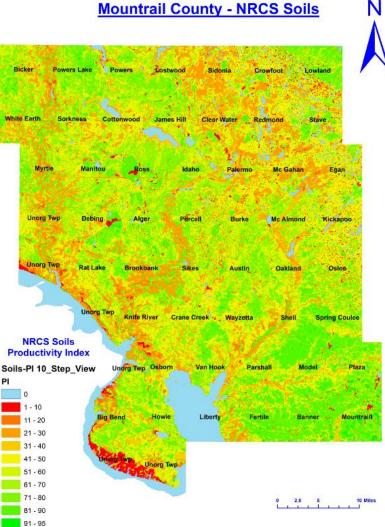
Productivity Index (PI) or AUM	Land Valuation – Cropland	Non-Crop AUM
95	\$974	\$380
90	\$872	\$342
80	\$818	\$295
70	\$720	\$270
60	\$614	\$228
50	\$516	\$192
40	\$409	\$152
30	\$312	\$114
20	\$205	\$76
10	\$93	\$38
0 (Water)	\$16	\$16

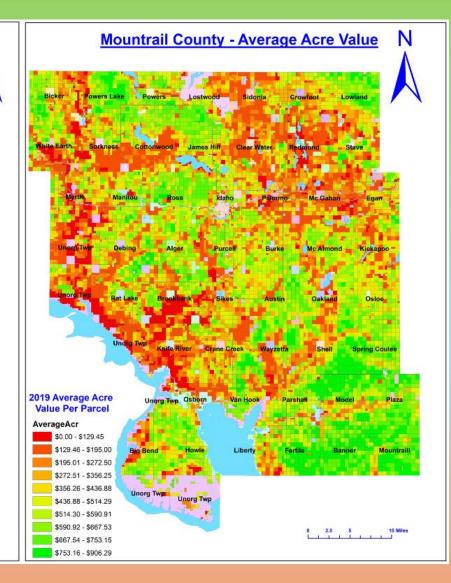
2019 Values NDSU Ag Land Production Value Average Ag - \$454.62 Cropland - \$692.46 NonCrop - \$156.54

Equalization 2019

Mountrail County – Actual Land Use Agricultural Land Valuation



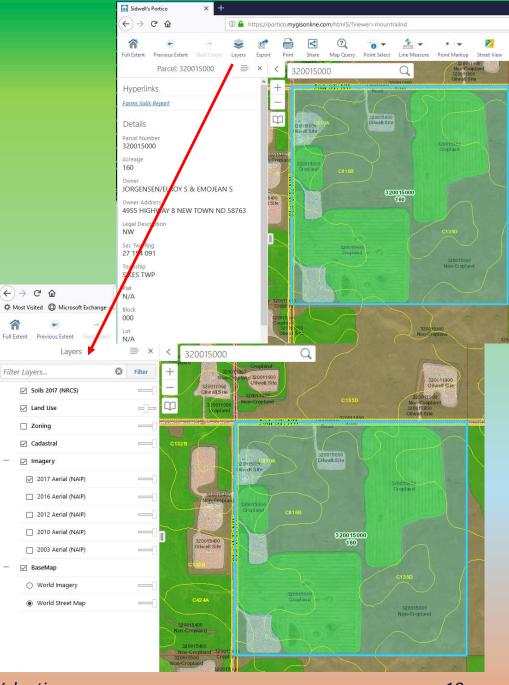




GIS – Public Facing

- https://portico.mygisonline.com/html5/?viewer=mountrailnd
- Various search capabilities
- Several NAIP Years Aerial Photography available
- Actual use Layer
- Soils Layer and information
- Valuation Reporting
- GIS linked to Tax Dept Site

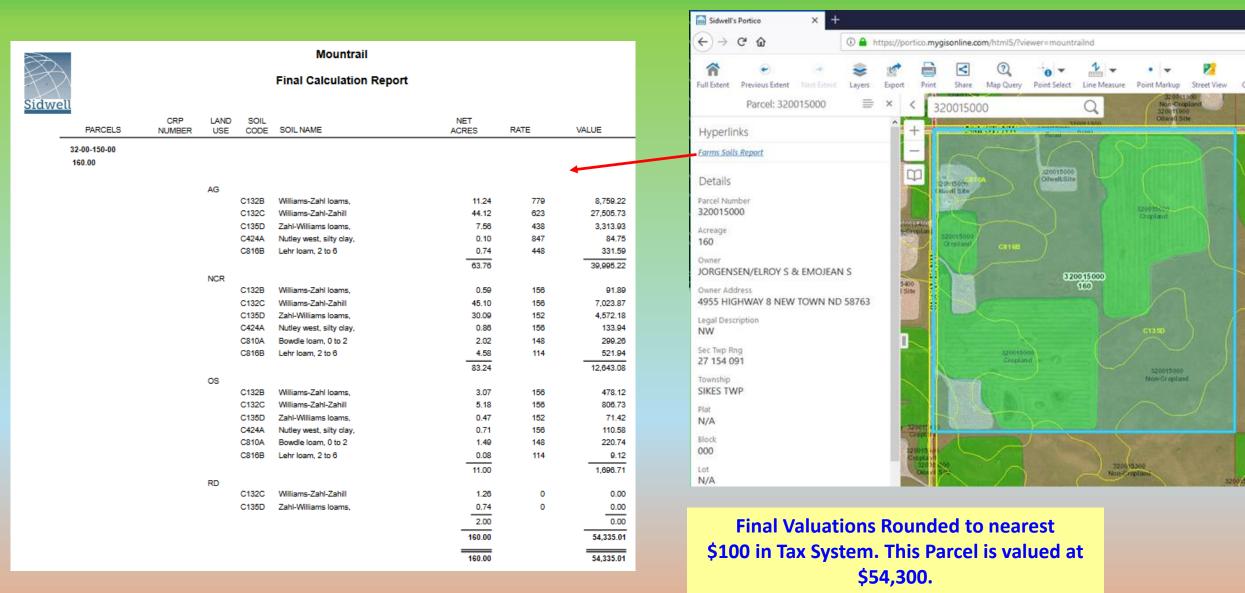




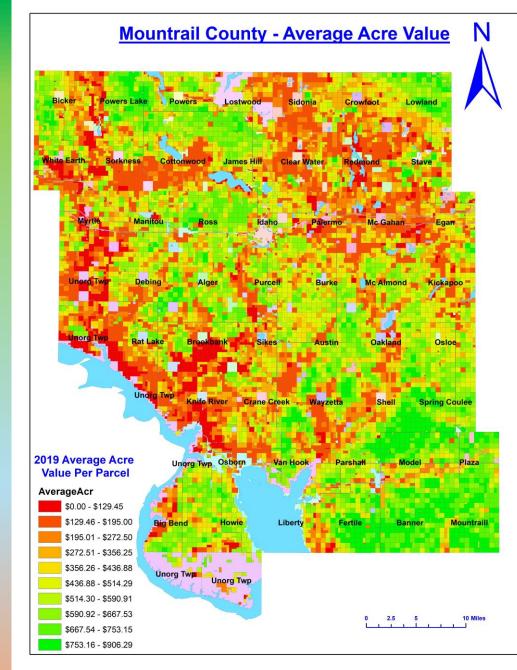
2019 Mountrail County Ag Land Valuation

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Valuation Reporting – GIS - Public Facing





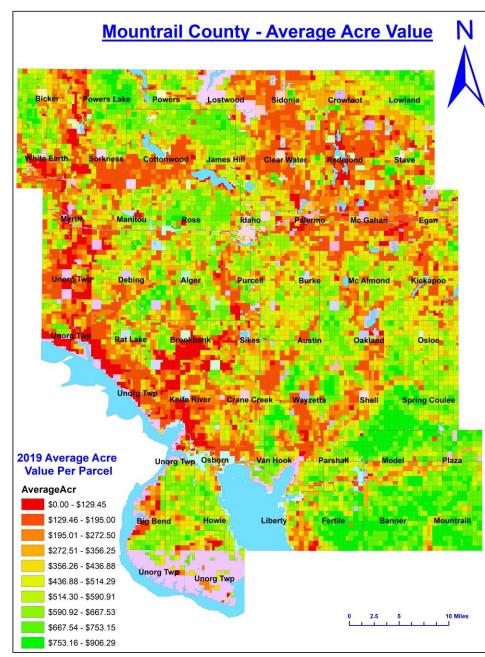


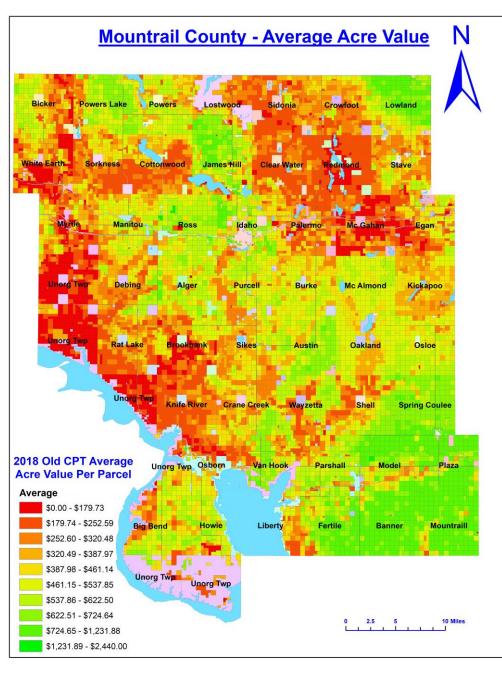
• Compare to previous historical Ag Land Valuation

Equalization 2019

2019 Mountrail County Ag Land Valuation







Equalization 2019

2019 Mountrail County Ag Land Valuation